

Human Capital: An Overview of Studies Performed in the U.S

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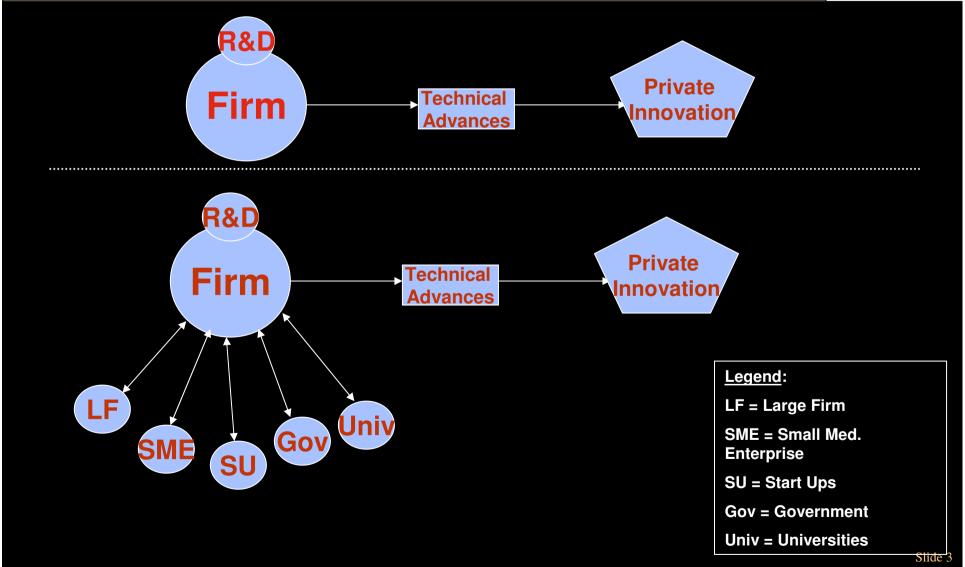
Goals



- Highlight the potential importance of <u>human capital</u> (HC) impacts from open innovation
- Provide a brief overview of research on HC impacts
 - Cooperative Research Centers
 - » Students
- Explore their implications for international dimension of open innovation

Traditional vs Open Innovation





Framework: S&T Human Capital



Bozeman, B., Deitz, J.S., & Gaughan, M. (2001). Scientific and technical human capital: An alternative model for research evaluation. International Journal of Technology Management, 22, 636 – 655.

"Our approach... gives less attention to the discrete products and immediate outcomes from scientific projects and programs and more attention to scientists' career trajectories and their sustained ability to contribute and enhance their capabilities."

- New knowledge and competencies
- Tactic Knowledge

Human Capital + Social Capital

- Direct and indirect ties in a knowledge network

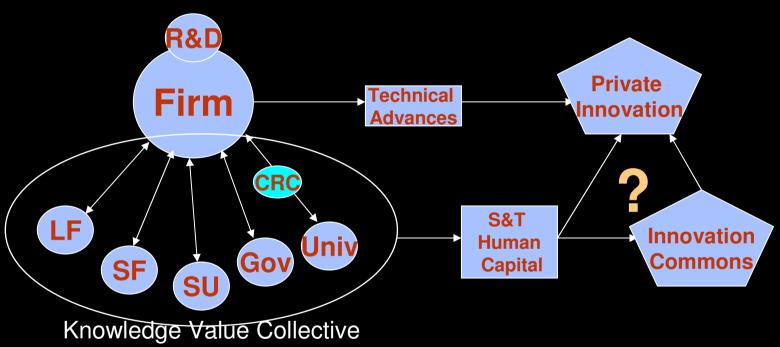
Capacity Building



Societal **Benefit**

Technological vs. Human Capital Implications





Cooperative Research Centers (CRCs) and Open Innovation



- CRCs: organization or unit designed to foster research-based interactions between public and private sector, stimulate innovation (Boardman & Gray, 2010)
- US Context: Industry/University
 - -Pervasive mechanism: 1,200-5,000
 - -Educational mission

CRCs Are

Open Innovation
Triple Helix
Collectivization
Multidisciplinary
Team

stems



Industry

Competitiveness

Indus >

Univ

/ Center \ Structure

Gov't

Universities

- Faculty
- •Students

Government

• Economic Development

Context: the IUCRC Program



- Longest operating CRC in the U.S.
- Modest government support (\$100k-200k/year)
 - Very dependent on industry & entrepreneurial faculty
 - Average center budget: \$1.2 million
 - − ~ 50 operating now
- Ad hoc organization within university
 - ~ 10-15 scientists; ~ 20-30 graduate students
- Increasingly multi-university in nature
- Consortial format: multiple firms; collective influence and ownership

Research on CRCs & Human Capital Impact on Students



Small body of research: ~ 5 studies

- IUCRC and Engineering Research Centers
- Informants:
 - Alumni & active students
 - Industry supervisors
- Methodology
 - Descriptive → Normative comparison → Comparison Group
- Mostly in the "gray literature"
 - Hard-to-find agency-funded technical reports
- Positive impacts and unintended consequences

Findings



Based on alumni and industry reports...

Mechanisms

Contact with industry
Equipment
Teamwork
Networking
Communication skills
Experiential
Problem-driven
Specialized courses

Knowledge Skills Abilities

*Depth and breadth of technic knowledge

*Preparedness for working in industry

*Work in interdisciplinary teams to solve problems

*Solve problems within constraints of time, money & budget

*Scholarly productivity (as student)

*Creativity and innovativeness

*Interdisciplinary communications skills

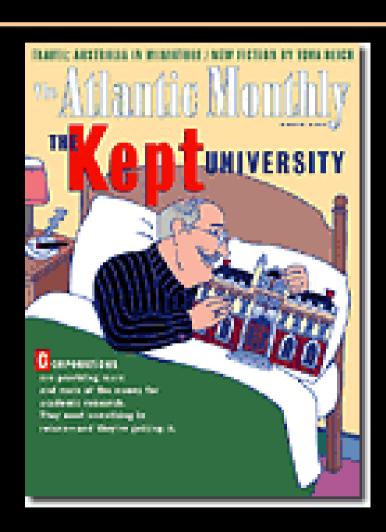
*Networking skills

Performance

*Need less training
before contributing
*High productivity
faster
*Good communicator
*Established
networks

Unintended Consequences





- Modest literature
- Faculty-focused
- Student-focused
 - •Behrens & Gray (2002): Res. Policy
 - •No differences in "climate for academic freedom"

Open Innovation Implications



- Convergent and persuasive reports from both alumni and hiring supervisor that CRC experience enhances
 - Human Capital: industrially relevant knowledge, skills and abilities (K.S.A.)
 - Social Capital: existing network ties; skills to develop new network ties
 - Little evidence on unintended consequences
- Economic Impact:
 - Direct Effect: \$50-100k (training & quick start) (SRC)
 - Innovation Commons: ????

Any CRC/HC implications for international collaboration?



- No systematic analysis of CRCs and their international collaboration dimension
- Interesting anecdotes
 - Agency-driven
 - » IUCRC/Questor Centre at Queens University, Belfast
 - Open-innovation driven
 - » Intelligent Maintenance Systems IUCRC at U. Cincinnati



Questor Centre



- Founded in 1989
 - Focused on environmental issues
- Developed via a collaborative partnership with the National Science Foundation's (NSF) Programme for Industry/University Co-operative Research Centres (I/UCRCs)
- Several bi-lateral "tie projects" with U.S. IUCRCs



Current Academic Partners







- Queen's University Belfast (UK) Lead Partner
- Dublin City University (Rol) 2005
- Stevens Institute of Technology (US) –2006
- Dalhousie University (Canada) Nov 2007
- University of Duisburg Essen (Germany) Nov 2007
- The Institute for Water Research (Germany) Nov 2007
- Cranfield University (UK) May 2008
- AFBI (UK) May 2010
- Dalian University of Technology (China) At Negotiation
- Liaoning Petrochemical University (China) at Negotiation













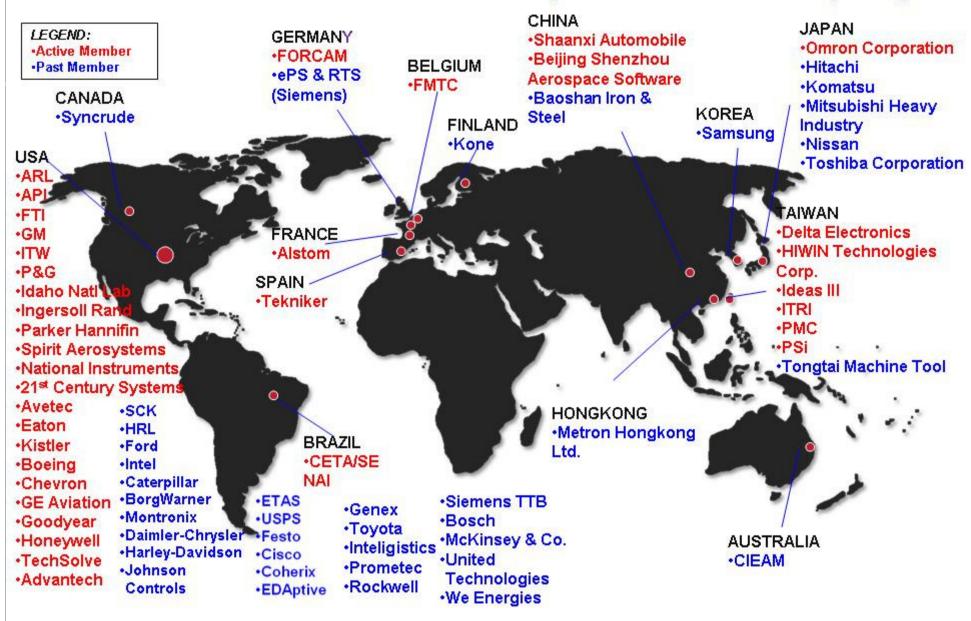


Center for Intelligent Maintenance University of Cincinnati

Mission:

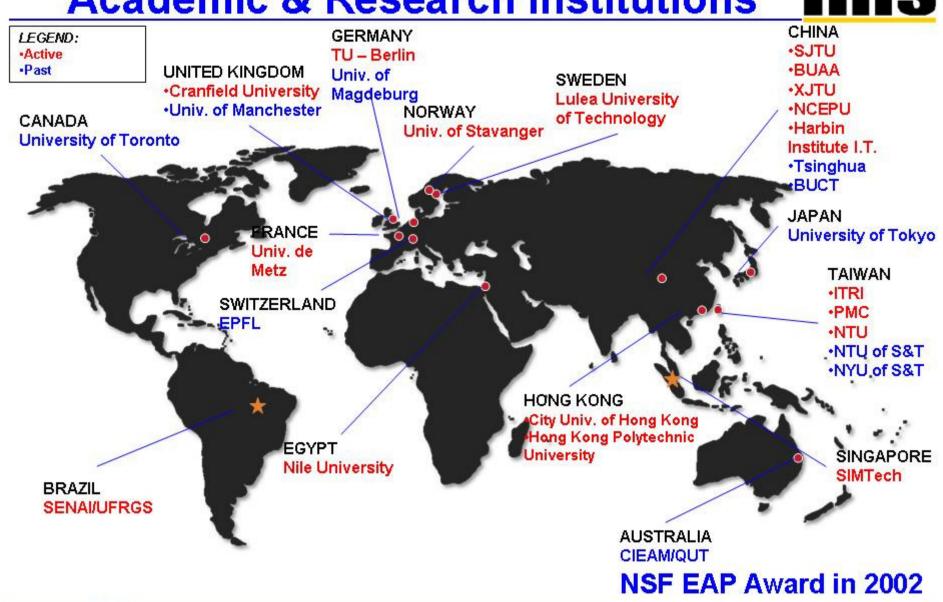
Manufacturing-based center focused on near-zero breakdown performance

Global Industry Partners (75)



Global Partnerships with Academic & Research Institutions







Implications



- There seems to be some evidence that interactions within CRCs may naturally spillover across national boundaries
 - university-industry ←→ university-university
- Non-U.S. make-up of U.S. graduate student population (>50%) adds another element to this effect
- Need for more research on the international dimension but ...
 - Appears that the "innovation commons" that is benefiting from human capital impact of CRCs is potentially more far reaching than initially considered
- A closing question: Where to we find the "über" faculty needed to create and manage these partnerships?

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Questions?



Comments or Questions

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